

AlohaCare

Statutory Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedules
December 31, 2022 and 2021



AlohaCare

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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors of AlohaCare

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying statutory financial statements of AlohaCare which comprise the statutory statements of admitted assets, liabilities, capital and surplus as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statutory statements of operations and changes in capital and surplus, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the statutory financial statements.

In our opinion, the statutory financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the admitted assets, liabilities, capital and surplus of AlohaCare as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and changes in capital and surplus and cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions prescribed or permitted by the Insurance Division of the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs of the State of Hawai'i ("Insurance Division") as described in Note 2.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Statutory Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of AlohaCare and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis of Accounting

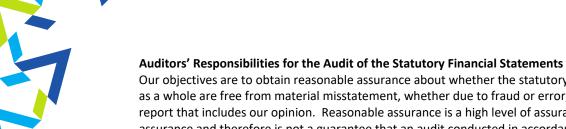
We draw attention to Note 2 of the statutory financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The statutory financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial reporting provisions prescribed or permitted by the Insurance Division, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Insurance Division. As a result, the statutory financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Statutory Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the statutory financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions prescribed or permitted by the Insurance Division, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of statutory financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statutory financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the statutory financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

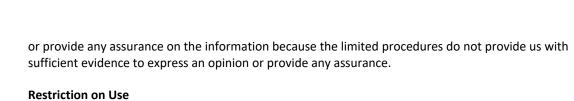
- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the statutory financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the statutory financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of AlohaCare's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 statutory financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about AlohaCare's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Financial reporting provisions prescribed or permitted by the Insurance Division require that the Supplemental Investment Summary Schedule, Investment Risk Interrogatories, and Reinsurance Summary Schedule as of December 31, 2022 on pages 20–26 be presented to supplement the basic statutory financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not part of the basic statutory financial statements, is required by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic statutory financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic statutory financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic statutory financial statements. We do not express an opinion





This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of AlohaCare, the Insurance Division, and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Honolulu, Hawaii May 26, 2023



AlohaCare Statutory Statements of Admitted Assets, Liabilities, Capital and Surplus December 31, 2022 and 2021

Admitted Assets Investments Bonds (\$31,368,458 and \$29,221,824 restricted at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively) \$\$\$ 48,810,442 \$ 47,360	54,095 26,123 32,764 22,982
Bonds (\$31,368,458 and \$29,221,824 restricted	26,123 32,764 22,982
	26,123 32,764 22,982
at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively) \$ 48,810,442 \$ 47,36	26,123 32,764 22,982
	32,764 22,982
Mutual funds 3,225,573 3,72	22,982
Exchange traded funds 24,291,732 27,83	
Total investments 76,327,747 78,92	
Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments (\$529,385 and	
\$532,302 restricted at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively) 104,629,461 58,94	12,213
Total invested assets 180,957,208 137,86	55,195
Receivables	
Receivables from State of Hawaii 17,860,067 19,80)5,484
Retrospective premiums and contracts subject to redetermination 2,142,794 3,48	32,330
Reinsurance receivable 4,890,447 2,65	50,560
Pharmacy rebates 879,572 1,02	25,758
Other receivables 208,066 17	72,200
Electronic data processing equipment at cost, less accumulated	
depreciation of \$1,739,498 and \$1,513,207 at December 31, 2022	
and 2021, respectively <u>357,848</u> 25	3,728
Total admitted assets \$ 207,296,002 \$ 165,25	55,255
Liabilities and Capital and Surplus	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 34,699,553 \$ 17,83	36,655
Accrued medical claims 64,559,246 66,83	15,110
Premium deficiency reserve 1,500,000 60	00,000
State risk-share and risk adjustment payable 35,742,470 16,93	32,881
Payable to risk pools	14,416
Total liabilities 139,272,225 106,22	29,062
Capital and surplus	
Gross paid in and contributed surplus 1,512,000 1,512	12,000
	14,193
Total capital and surplus 68,023,777 59,02	26,193
Total liabilities and capital and surplus \$ 207,296,002 \$ 165,25	5,255

AlohaCare Statutory Statements of Operations and Changes in Capital and Surplus Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Revenue		
Capitation premiums, net	\$ 468,280,406	\$ 450,648,245
Other income	117,656	123,928
	468,398,062	450,772,173
Cost of services rendered		
Medical expenses, net	408,861,021	396,035,036
Claims adjustment expenses	5,122,970	5,557,629
Cost containment expenses	6,584,012	6,247,891
Quality program expenses	1,766,939	1,811,380
Administrative expenses	39,225,116	35,400,379
	461,560,058	445,052,315
Net underwriting income	6,838,004	5,719,858
Investment income	1,576,582	2,545,709
Other expenses		(16,335)
Net income	8,414,586	8,249,232
Capital and surplus		
Beginning of year	59,026,193	51,947,236
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(4,050,882)	527,840
Change in nonadmitted assets	4,633,880	(1,698,115)
End of year	\$ 68,023,777	\$ 59,026,193

AlohaCare Statutory Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Cash received from operations		
Premiums collected	\$ 491,274,948	\$ 457,608,810
Benefit and loss related payments	(412,592,250)	(388,771,926)
Commissions, expenses paid, and aggregate write-ins	(32,837,440)	(43,806,521)
Cash received from underwriting	45,845,258	25,030,363
Investment income	1,523,924	1,038,369
Net cash received from operations	47,369,182	26,068,732
Proceeds from investments sold or matured		
Bonds	7,721,869	11,437,014
Mutual funds	-	638,049
Exchange traded funds		4,007,245
Total investment proceeds	7,721,869	16,082,308
Cost of investments acquired		
Bonds	(9,228,453)	(26,144,615)
Mutual funds	(9,300)	(2,202,942)
Exchange traded funds	_	(19,435,111)
Total cost of investments acquired	(9,237,753)	(47,782,668)
Net cash applied for investments	(1,515,884)	(31,700,360)
Cash applied for financing and miscellaneous sources		
Other cash	(166,050)	(2,668,212)
Net cash applied for financing and miscellaneous sources	(166,050)	(2,668,212)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments	45,687,248	(8,299,840)
Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments		
Beginning of year	58,942,213	67,242,053
End of year	\$ 104,629,461	\$ 58,942,213

1. Summary of Organization

AlohaCare is a Hawaii non-profit corporation that contracts with the State of Hawaii (the "State"), Department of Human Services ("DHS") to provide medical and behavioral health services to certain residents of the State under the "Hawaii QUEST" waiver-only demonstration program ("QUEST") approved by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS") under the authority of the Social Security Act.

In January 1, 2015, AlohaCare was awarded a contract with the State under the QUEST Integration program. The contract has been amended multiple times since contract inception primarily to adjust the contract's scope of services and compensation and payment schedule. This contract included QUEST eligible recipients on all islands while also integrating aged, blind and disabled recipients. AlohaCare provides medical, behavioral health, and long-term care services for all QUEST recipients as well as long-term care and home and community-based services for aged, blind and disabled recipients. In March 2021, AlohaCare was awarded a new contract (collectively the "Contract") with the State for the QUEST Integration program to continue serving QUEST eligible recipients on all islands effective July 1, 2021.

AlohaCare contracts with physicians, hospitals and other providers to provide services to QUEST members in a managed care environment. Certain underwriting gains and losses are subject to a risk-sharing program with the providers. Underwriting gains or losses remaining after the risk-sharing provisions with participating providers are subject to risk sharing with the State.

On January 1, 2006, AlohaCare commenced a Medicare Parts A, B and D risk-based contract with CMS that provides for inpatient, outpatient and prescription drug benefits based on Medicare regulations. The Medicare contract is renewed annually and currently covers the period from January 1 to December 31. Effective January 1, 2015, AlohaCare terminated its Medicare Advantage Plan, but still offers a Medicare Advantage Special Needs Plan.

2. Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying statutory financial statements have been prepared in conformity with statutory accounting practices ("SAP") as prescribed or permitted by the Insurance Division, which varies in some respects from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

The National Association of Insurance Commissioners ("NAIC") has adopted the codification of statutory accounting principles project ("Codification") as the NAIC-supported basis of accounting. The Codification was approved with the provision for commissioner discretion in the determination of appropriate statutory accounting for insurers. Such discretion will allow prescribed or permitted accounting practices that may differ from state to state. The State, and accordingly AlohaCare, adopted the Codification effective January 1, 2001.

The more significant differences between GAAP for non-profit entities and SAP were as follows:

- Certain assets designated as "nonadmitted" are charged to unassigned surplus under SAP.
- The presentation of the statutory statements of admitted assets, liabilities, capital and surplus, and cash flows is not in conformity with GAAP with regard to the reporting of short-term investments with cash and cash equivalents. The statutory statement of cash flows also do not include a reconciliation of net income to net cash received from operations. Under SAP, the statutory statements of cash flows reconcile changes in cash on hand and on deposit, cash equivalents, and short-term investments with original maturities of one year or less. Under GAAP, the statements of cash flows reconcile changes in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are financial instruments with an original maturity of three months or less.
- Investments are accounted for as explained below under SAP, while GAAP requires investments
 in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities
 classified as available for sale to be measured at fair value, with changes in fair value included
 in the statements of activities as increases or decreases in net assets.
- Under SAP, amounts receivable from reinsurers are based on covered policy claims paid, with the
 difference between covered policy claims incurred and covered policy claims paid netted against
 accrued medical claims. Under GAAP, amounts receivable from reinsurers are based on covered
 policy claims incurred.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of statutory basis financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of admitted assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the statutory financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

Concentrations of Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject AlohaCare to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments, bonds, mutual funds, exchange traded funds ("ETFs"), and receivables. AlohaCare has various investments in bonds, mutual funds, and ETFs which are exposed to interest rate and market risks. AlohaCare's cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investment balances exceed depository insurance limits; however, AlohaCare's invested assets are with high credit quality financial institutions. Credit risk from receivables is inherently limited as the amounts are primarily due from the government.

AlohaCare's primary source of revenue is earned under a single contract with the DHS under the QUEST program. The QUEST program is subject to a periodic renewal and renegotiation of capitated rates which comprised approximately 90% and 89% of AlohaCare's revenues in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Fair Value Measurements

For financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities reported at fair value, AlohaCare defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants. AlohaCare measures fair value using observable and unobservable inputs based on the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that AlohaCare has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted market prices, included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability reflecting the AlohaCare's own assumptions. Level 3 inputs are used to measure fair value to the extent that observable Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available.

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Short-Term Investments

AlohaCare considers all highly liquid debt instruments, except for certificates of deposit, purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, and an original maturity of one year or less (excluding cash equivalents) to be short-term investments. Certificates of deposit with original maturity dates of one year or less are classified as cash. Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments are admitted at cost or amortized cost.

Investments

Investments in bonds also include NAIC Securities Valuation Office ("SVO")-identified ETFs which qualify for bond treatment. Investments in bonds and securities that qualify for bond treatment are reported at admitted values (generally amortized cost for bonds or fair value for SVO-identified ETFs) established by the NAIC or Insurance Division. Discounts and premiums related to bonds are amortized into investment income. Investments in mutual funds and ETFs are reported at fair value, with changes in unrealized gains and losses accounted for as a direct increase or decrease in unassigned surplus. Realized gains and losses are computed using the specific identification method.

Pharmacy Rebates Receivable

Pharmacy rebate payments to AlohaCare are delayed until after they are billed and collected from pharmacy manufacturers. AlohaCare recognizes pharmaceutical rebates receivable based on past collection patterns. Estimated pharmacy rebates receivable associated with the three months prior to December 31, 2022 and 2021 are considered admitted assets.

Capitation Revenue

AlohaCare receives capitation payments under the QUEST and Medicare contracts based on monthly member enrollment. AlohaCare is required to provide all covered healthcare services to its members. Capitation is recognized as revenue in the month that members are entitled to the benefits or upon execution of a retroactive amendment to capitated rates in the QUEST contract.

Reinsurance

Capitation premiums and medical expenses are reported net of reinsurance amounts. AlohaCare remains obligated for amounts ceded in the event the reinsurer does not meet its obligation. Reinsurance recoverables have been reported based on the amount of claims incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives; leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over the lesser of the lease term or the estimated useful lives of the assets. Generally, the estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

	Years
Electronic data processing equipment	3
Furniture and equipment	5 – 7
Leasehold improvements	3
Computer software	3 – 5

Depreciation expense amounted to \$2,961,043 and \$2,374,077 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Accrued Medical Claims

Accrued medical claims include claims in process and a provision for incurred but not reported claims, which are actuarially determined based on historical claims payment experience and other industry statistics. Claim processing expenses are also accrued based on an estimate of expenses necessary to process such claims. Such reserves are continually monitored and reviewed with any adjustments reflected through medical and claims adjustment expenses. Management believes that accrued medical claims are sufficient to satisfy AlohaCare's ultimate claims liability. These estimates are inherently subject to a number of highly variable circumstances, and consequently, the actual results could differ materially from the amount recorded in the statutory financial statements.

Premium Deficiency Reserve

AlohaCare recognizes a liability for probable losses on unprofitable insurance contracts if the sum of expected claims costs, net of reinsurance, and claims adjustment expenses exceed the sum of expected premiums for a particular line of business. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, AlohaCare recognized a premium deficiency reserve associated with its Medicare special needs line of business.

State Risk-Share and Risk Adjustment Programs

For 2022, the Contract includes a retroactive concurrent risk adjustment program to transfer revenues from managed care organizations with lower risk populations to managed care organizations with higher risk populations within the State prior to applying the risk-sharing program. The Contract also includes a risk-share program which serves to address unknown circumstances beyond the control of health plans and the State. The program evaluates the established capitated rates against actual performance or utilization of services of different enrolled populations. Underwriting gains and losses by population and contract year are subject to settlement corridors that adjust the amount of capitated revenues recognized.

At December 31, 2022, a \$5,074,410 retroactive concurrent risk adjustment payable was included in the State risk-share and risk adjustment payable.

The risk share for the retroactive enrollment ("retro") group is separately calculated for the Medicaid Expansion and Family and Children ("F&C") populations, and excludes the aged, blind and disabled ("ABD") population. Retro group gains and losses are calculated as a percentage of total revenue as defined in the Contract. Retro group gains and losses are shared equally within a risk corridor ranging from 0% to 2.5%. Retro group gains exceeding 2.5% are recoverable by the State, while retro group losses exceeding 2.5% are recoverable by AlohaCare. In 2022, the 2020 retro group risk-share payable was settled with the State. At December 31, 2022, \$131,616 and \$1,947,793 of retro group losses related to the 2022 and 2021 years, respectively, were included in the receivables from State. At December 31, 2021, \$322,310 of retro group gains related to the 2020 year and \$1,594,088 of retro group losses related to the 2021 year were included in the State risk-share and risk adjustment payable and receivables from State, respectively.

The risk share for the non-retroactive enrollment ("aggregate") group is calculated for Medicaid Expansion, ABD, and F&C populations in the aggregate. Aggregate group gains and losses are calculated as a percentage of total revenue as defined under the Contract. Aggregate group gains and losses up to 3% are retained by AlohaCare. Aggregate group gains exceeding 5% are recoverable by the State, while aggregate group losses exceeding 5% are recoverable by AlohaCare. Aggregate group gains and losses are shared equally within a risk corridor ranging from 3% to 5%. In 2022, the 2020 aggregate risk-share payable was settled with the State. At December 31, 2022, \$24,410,698 of aggregate group gains related to the 2021 year were included in the State risk-share and risk adjustment payable. No amount of aggregate group gains or losses are expected to be received from or paid to the State for the 2022 year. At December 31, 2021, \$14,645,175 of aggregate group gains related to the 2021 and 2020 years were included in the State risk-share and risk adjustment payable.

The risk share for the high cost drug group is separately calculated for the Medicaid Expansion, ABD and F&C populations. High cost drug gains and losses are calculated as a percentage of total revenue as defined by the Contract. High cost drug group gains and losses up to 3% are retained by AlohaCare. High cost drug group gains exceeding 6% are recoverable by the State, while high cost drug group losses exceeding 6% are recoverable by AlohaCare. High cost drug group gains and losses are shared equally within a risk corridor ranging from 3% to 6%. In 2022, the 2020 high cost drug risk-share payable was settled with the State. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, \$5,321,888 and \$1,965,396, respectively, of accumulated high cost drug group gains, were included in the State risk-share and risk adjustment payable.

Due to the volatility of high-risk newborn ("HRNB") costs, the Contract includes a specific HRNB group risk corridor. The HRNB group is budget-neutral from the State's perspective, shifting funds between the managed care organizations that provide services under their respective Contract, based on the managed care organization's share of HRNB costs. In 2022, the 2020 HNRB risk-share receivable was settled with the State. At December 31, 2022, \$10,927,915 in HRNB funds expected to be received related to the 2021 year were included in receivables from State. No amount of HRNB funds are expected to be received from or paid related to the 2022 year. At December 31, 2021, \$1,432,576 in accumulated HRNB funds expected to be received related to the 2020 year were included in receivables from State.

Payable to Risk Pools

AlohaCare has risk-sharing arrangements with certain QUEST providers who assume the risk of providing healthcare to AlohaCare's members. A portion of QUEST revenues are allocated to the risk pools, with healthcare costs deducted from the risk pools as incurred. Surplus amounts accumulated in the pools (after the application of a provider incentive payment limit) are payable to QUEST providers.

Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising expenses amounted to approximately \$82,000 and \$352,000 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Income Taxes

AlohaCare is exempt from federal and State income taxes under section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") and similar State provisions. AlohaCare is also exempt from State premium taxes under the Hawaii Revised Statutes.

Subsequent Events

AlohaCare has reviewed all events that have occurred from January 1, 2023 through May 26, 2023, the date that the statutory financial statements were available to be issued, for proper accounting and disclosure in the statutory financial statements.

3. Investments

Investments at December 31, 2022 and 2021 were comprised of the following:

		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Estimated
	Cost or Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value
2022				
Bonds				
U.S. government	\$ 42,105,322	\$ 56,658	\$ (3,097,913)	\$ 39,064,067
Industrial and miscellaneous (unaffiliated)	6,705,120	-	(484,983)	6,220,137
Total bonds	\$ 48,810,442	\$ 56,658	\$ (3,582,896)	\$ 45,284,204
Mutual funds – Fixed income	\$ 3,763,035	\$ -	\$ (537,462)	\$ 3,225,573
Exchange traded funds				
Domestic equity	\$ 17,212,482	\$ 142,523	\$ (176,388)	\$ 17,178,617
Foreign equity	7,781,574	-	(668,459)	7,113,115
Total exchange traded funds	\$ 24,994,056	\$ 142,523	\$ (844,847)	\$ 24,291,732
2021				
Bonds				
U.S. government	\$ 40,048,399	\$ 259,744	\$ (253,673)	\$ 40,054,470
Industrial and miscellaneous (unaffiliated)	7,315,696	109,972	(45,503)	7,380,165
Total bonds	\$ 47,364,095	\$ 369,716	\$ (299,176)	\$ 47,434,635
Mutual funds – Fixed income	\$ 3,753,735	\$ 9,572	\$ (37,184)	\$ 3,726,123
Exchange traded funds				
Domestic equity	\$ 17,212,483	\$ 2,253,152	\$ (683)	\$ 19,464,952
Foreign equity	7,781,574	616,733	(30,495)	8,367,812
Total exchange traded funds	\$ 24,994,057	\$ 2,869,885	\$ (31,178)	\$ 27,832,764

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of bonds included in cash equivalents, short-term investments, and bonds at December 31, 2022, by contractual maturity, are as follows:

	U.S. Gov	vernment		rial and s (Unaffiliated)
	Amortized Estimated Cost Fair Value		Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Due one year or less	\$ 6,020,187	\$ 5,942,327	\$ 935,904	\$ 919,444
Due after one to five years	25,999,973	24,363,533	5,024,188	4,681,235
Due after five to ten years	9,512,795	8,331,708	719,028	595,058
Due after ten years	572,367	426,499	26,000	24,400
	\$ 42,105,322	\$ 39,064,067	\$ 6,705,120	\$ 6,220,137

Information pertaining to securities with gross unrealized losses at December 31, 2022 and 2021, aggregated by investment category and length of time that the individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, is as follows:

	Less Than Twelve Months			_1	Twelve Mont	hs o	r Greater
	Gross		Estimated		Gross	E	Stimated
	Unrealized		Fair	Unrealized		Fair	
		Losses	Value		Losses		Value
2022							
Bonds							
U.S. government	\$	(279,290)	\$ 12,344,669	\$ ((2,818,623)	\$ 2	22,534,126
Industrial and miscellaneous (unaffiliated)		(177,310)	3,026,568		(307,673)		3,193,569
Mutual funds – fixed income		(223,308)	962,689		(314,154)		2,262,884
Exchange traded funds							
Domestic equity		(145,792)	8,608,493		(30,596)		829,971
Foreign equity		(337,134)	4,755,156		(331,325)		2,357,959
2021							
Bonds							
U.S. government	\$	(253,673)	\$ 25,744,673	\$	-	\$	-
Industrial and miscellaneous (unaffiliated)		(45,503)	3,670,349		-		-
Mutual funds – fixed income		(16,732)	1,782,339		(20,452)		757,515
Exchange traded funds							
Domestic equity		(683)	859,884		-		-
Foreign equity		(30,495)	2,658,790		-		-

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment on a regular basis, and when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration given to bonds where fair value is less than cost is based on whether AlohaCare (1) intends to sell the security, (2) has evidence indicating the need to sell the security before a recovery of its cost, (3) determined the decline in value to be

interest related, (4) would be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms in effect at the date of acquisition, and (5) has determined any other factors indicating that an impairment should be recorded, such as the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost or the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer. Consideration given to mutual funds and ETFs is based on (1) the length of time and the extent to which fair value has been less than cost, (2) the financial condition and near term prospects of the issuer, and (3) the intent and ability of AlohaCare to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery of fair value.

The majority of investments with unrealized losses resulted principally from changes to interest rates during the year. Management considered whether downgrades by rating agencies have occurred, and whether any reviews have identified problems with the issuer's financial condition.

Management has also determined that AlohaCare has the ability to hold their securities in an unrealized loss position until a recovery of fair value or maturity of the underlying debt. Accordingly, no declines were deemed to be other-than-temporary in 2022 or 2021.

The total amounts of restricted assets by category at December 31, 2022 or 2021 were as follows:

	Total Admitted	Total Nonadmitted	Total From Prior Year (Admitted & Nonadmitted)	Increase (Decrease)	Total Current Year Admitted Restricted	Total Admitted & Nonadmitted Restricted to Total Assets	Admitted Restricted to Total Admitted Assets
2022							
Pledged as collateral not							
captured in other categories	\$ 31,597,843	\$ -	\$ 29,454,126	\$ 2,143,717	\$ 31,597,843	15 %	15 %
On deposit with the State	300,000		300,000		300,000	0 %	0 %
	\$ 31,897,843	\$ -	\$ 29,754,126	\$ 2,143,717	\$ 31,897,843	15 %	15 %
2021					·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Pledged as collateral not							
captured in other categories	\$ 29,454,126	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,454,126	\$ 29,454,126	18 %	18 %
On deposit with the State	300,000		21,264,966	(20,964,966)	300,000	0 %	0 %
	\$ 29,754,126	\$ -	\$ 21,264,966	\$ 8,489,160	\$ 29,754,126	18 %	18 %

AlohaCare elected one of the alternative forms of compliance with the performance bond requirements under the Contract by having its lender issue a letter of credit for \$27,800,000 and \$25,461,380 in 2022 and 2021, respectively, with the State listed as the sole beneficiary. Under the terms of a security agreement with its lender, the balance of AlohaCare's hypothecated account amounting to \$31,597,844 and \$29,454,126 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, were pledged as collateral.

A certificate of deposit of \$300,000 was held in the name of the State Insurance Commissioner to satisfy minimum capital and surplus requirements at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

4. Accrued Medical Claims

Activity in the accrued medical claims liability for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is summarized as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year, net of reinsurance recoverable	\$ 66,815,110	\$ 60,314,316
Total incurred		
Current year	430,721,335	424,367,847
Prior years	(11,053,330)	(17,127,291)
Total incurred	419,668,005	407,240,556
Total paid		
Current year	366,710,739	357,964,160
Prior years	55,213,130	42,775,602
Total paid	421,923,869	400,739,762
Balance at end of year, net of reinsurance recoverable	\$ 64,559,246	\$ 66,815,110

The amounts incurred in 2022 and 2021 related to prior years reflect that the accrued medical claims liability at the beginning of the year differed from actual subsequent development. The 2022 and 2021 development were primarily due to favorable claim developments and lower benefit payments than anticipated.

5. Reinsurance

In the normal course of business, AlohaCare seeks to reduce the loss that may arise from catastrophe or other events that may cause unfavorable underwriting results through reinsurance. The reinsurance agreement covers Medicaid and Medicare program members.

For the 2022 and 2021 covered periods, medical claims incurred for Medicaid and Medicare program members were generally reinsured as follows:

	AlohaCare	Reinsurer
	Share	Share
Up to \$1,250,000 (retention per member)	100 %	0 %
\$1,250,001 – Unlimited (per member)	10 %	90 %

Ceded reinsurance premiums related to the reinsurance agreement amounted to \$3,054,394 and \$2,559,675 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there were \$8,492,037 and \$5,197,015, respectively, in estimated reinsurance recoveries netted against medical expenses. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the recoverable due to paid losses amounted to \$4,890,447 and \$2,650,560, respectively, and was included in reinsurance receivable. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the recoverable due to unpaid losses amounted to \$2,213,808 and \$922,963, respectively, and was included in accrued medical claims.

The 2022 and 2021 reinsurance agreements allow for experience refunds if AlohaCare meets certain conditions. There were no experience refunds under reinsurance contracts at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

6. Leases

AlohaCare leases office space and equipment under noncancelable operating lease agreements expiring at various dates through August 2027. The majority of these operating leases are noncancelable and contain lease incentives, escalation, and renewal clauses.

Future minimum rental payments under noncancelable operating leases are as follows:

2023	\$ 955,000
2024	104,000
2025	87,000
2026	16,000
2027	 5,000
	\$ 1,167,000

Rent expense approximated \$1,443,000 and \$1,412,000 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

7. Retirement Plans

AlohaCare sponsors a 401(k) plan (the "Plan") that covers employees who meet specified age requirements. The Plan elected a safe harbor employer matching contribution formula where 100% of the first 3% and 50% of the next 2% of an employee's compensation would be matched by AlohaCare and immediately vested. Employer matching contributions were \$693,253 and \$699,951 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

In 2005, AlohaCare began sponsoring two deferred compensation plans under Section 457(f) of the IRC for key employees. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the deferred compensation liability under these plans amounted to \$415,159 and \$425,808, respectively.

8. Related Party Transactions

AlohaCare contracts with physicians, hospitals and other providers to provide healthcare services to its members. These costs were included in medical expenses. Certain providers serve on AlohaCare's Board of Directors and have provided capital to AlohaCare. Medical and other expenses related to these providers amounted to \$118,215,237 and \$113,601,327 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Net amounts payable to these providers amounted to \$2,770,956 and \$3,825,781 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

In 2011, AlohaCare invested \$150,000 into MediSense Consultants, LLC ("MediSense"), a managed services organization that provided business and technical services supporting the healthcare operations of several clinics in the State. Several executives of these clinics also serve as members of AlohaCare's Board of Directors. MediSense was dissolved in 2021.

9. Capital and Surplus

AlohaCare is required to maintain a minimum statutory capital and surplus balance, which in the aggregate, amounted to \$25,111,293 and \$25,200,975 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

10. Fair Value Measurements

The following methods and assumptions were used by AlohaCare in estimating the fair value of financial instruments:

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Short-Term Investments, Receivables, Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses, State Risk-Share and Risk Adjustment Payable, and Payable to Risk Pools The admitted amounts approximated fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Bonds

AlohaCare's investments in U.S. government and industrial and miscellaneous (unaffiliated) securities were included as bonds. The fair value of bonds was estimated using quoted prices in an active market or exchange or an income approach with both observable and market-based inputs and unobservable inputs such as extrapolated data and proprietary pricing models. Bonds were categorized in Level 1 or Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds

The fair value of mutual funds and ETFs are based on quoted prices in active markets or exchanges and categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair values and admitted values of financial instruments at December 31, 2022 and 2021 are shown below:

	Estimated Fair Values	Admitted Values	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
2022	raii values	values	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments	\$ 104,629,461	\$ 104,629,461	\$ -	\$ 104,629,461	\$ -	
Bonds	45,284,204	48,810,442	-	45,284,204	-	
Mutual funds	3,225,573	3,225,573	3,225,573	-	-	
Exchange traded funds	24,291,732	24,291,732	24,291,732	-	-	-
Receivables	25,980,946	25,980,946	-	25,980,946	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	34,699,553	34,699,553	-	34,699,553	-	-
State risk-share and risk adjustment payable	35,742,470	35,742,470	-	35,742,470	-	
Payable to risk pools	2,770,956	2,770,956	-	2,770,956	-	
2021						
Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments	\$ 58,942,213	\$ 58,942,213	\$ -	\$ 58,942,213	\$ -	
Bonds	47,434,635	47,364,095	-	47,434,635	-	
Mutual funds	3,726,123	3,726,123	3,726,123	-	-	-
Exchange traded funds	27,832,764	27,832,764	27,832,764	-	-	-
Receivables	27,136,332	27,136,332	-	27,136,332	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	17,836,655	17,836,655	-	17,836,655	-	-
State risk-share and risk adjustment payable	16,932,881	16,932,881	-	16,932,881	-	-
Payable to risk pools	4,044,416	4,044,416	-	4,044,416	-	-

Fair value estimates were made at a specific point in time based on relevant market information about the financial instruments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates.

11. Annual Statement Adjustments

The accompanying audited statutory financial statements include adjustments and reclassifications to properly reflect admitted assets, liabilities, capital and surplus, net income, and cash flows which were reported differently in the 2022 and 2021 annual statements filed with the Insurance Division in March 2023 and 2022, respectively.

		Admitted Assets	Liabilities	Capital and Surplus	Net Income
December 31, 2022 As reported in the annual statement Adjustments Reclassifications		\$ 207,296,002 - -	\$ 139,272,225 - -	\$ 68,023,777 - -	\$ 8,414,586 - -
As reported in the audited financial statements		\$ 207,296,002	\$ 139,272,225	\$ 68,023,777	\$ 8,414,586
As reported in the annual statement Adjustments	Net Cash Received from Operations \$ 13,493,355	Net Cash Applied for Investments \$ (1,515,884)	Net Cash Received from (Applied for) Financing and Miscellaneous Sources \$ 33,709,777	Beginning Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Short-term Investments \$ 58,942,213	Ending Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Short-term Investments \$ 104,629,461
Reclassifications As reported in the audited	33,875,827		(33,875,827)		-
financial statements	\$ 47,369,182	\$ (1,515,884)	\$ (166,050)	\$ 58,942,213	\$ 104,629,461
D		Admitted Assets	Liabilities	Capital and Surplus	Net Income
December 31, 2021					
As reported in the annual statement Adjustments Reclassifications		\$ 165,420,540 (165,285)	\$ 111,721,020 (5,491,958)	\$ 53,699,520 5,326,673	\$ 2,922,559 5,326,673
Adjustments					, ,- ,
Adjustments Reclassifications As reported in the audited	Net Cash	(165,285)	(5,491,958)	5,326,673	5,326,673
Adjustments Reclassifications As reported in the audited	Received from	\$ 165,285) Net Cash Applied for	\$ 106,229,062 Net Cash Received from (Applied for) Financing and Miscellaneous	\$ 59,026,193 Beginning Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Short-term	\$ 8,249,232 Ending Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Short-term
Adjustments Reclassifications As reported in the audited		\$ 165,255,255	\$ 106,229,062 Net Cash Received from (Applied for) Financing and	\$ 59,026,193 Beginning Cash, Cash Equivalents,	\$ 8,249,232 Ending Cash, Cash Equivalents,
Adjustments Reclassifications As reported in the audited financial statements As reported in the annual statement	Received from Operations	\$ 165,255,255 Net Cash Applied for Investments	\$ 106,229,062 Net Cash Received from (Applied for) Financing and Miscellaneous Sources	\$ 59,026,193 Beginning Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Short-term Investments	\$ 8,249,232 Ending Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Short-term Investments

AlohaCare Notes to Statutory Financial Statements December 31, 2022 and 2021

The 2022 and 2021 reclassifications related to cash flows were primarily attributable to the following:

- Differences in the classification of the change in amounts payable under the State Risk-Share Program.
- Differences in the classification of depreciation expense.

The 2021 adjustments related to admitted assets, liabilities, capital and surplus, and net income were primarily attributable to the following:

• Risk-share adjustments included in the receivables from State and State risk-share payable related to the 2020 year.



AlohaCare Supplemental Schedule – Investment Summary Schedule December 31, 2022

	Gross Investm	ent Holdings	Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement			ent
				Securities Lending	tile i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
				Reinvested Collateral		
	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Amount	Total	Percentage
Bonds (Schedule D, Part 1)						
U.S. government	\$ 42,105,322	23.3 %	\$ 42,105,322	\$ -	\$ 42,105,322	23.3 %
All other governments	-	0.0 %	-	=	=	0.0 %
U.S. states, territories and possessions, etc. guaranteed	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
U.S. political subdivision of states, territories and						
possessions, guaranteed	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
U.S. special revenue and special assessment						
U.S. special revenue and special assessment obligations,						
etc. non-guaranteed	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Industrial and miscellaneous (unaffiliated)	6,705,120	3.7 %	6,705,120	-	6,705,120	3.7 %
Hybrid securities	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
SVO identified funds	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Unaffiliated bank loans		0.0 %				0.0 %
Total long-term bonds	48,810,442	27.0 %	48,810,442	-	48,810,442	27.0 %
Preferred Stock (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1)						
Industrial and miscellaneous (unaffiliated)	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		0.0 %				0.0 %
Total preferred stocks	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Common Stocks (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2)						
Industrial and miscellaneous publicly traded (unaffiliated)	24,291,732	13.4 %	24,291,732	-	24,291,732	13.4 %
Industrial and miscellaneous other (unaffiliated)	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates publicly traded	-	0.0 %	-	=	=	0.0 %
Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates other	-	0.0 %	_	-	-	0.0 %
Mutual funds	3,225,573	1.8 %	3,225,573	-	3,225,573	1.8 %
Unit investment trusts	-	0.0 %	_	-	-	0.0 %
Closed-end funds	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Total common stocks	27,517,305	15.2 %	27,517,305		27,517,305	15.2 %
Mortgage Loans (Schedule B)						
Farm mortgages	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Residential mortgages	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Commercial loans	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Mezzanine real estate loans	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Total valuation allowance	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Total mortgage loans	-	0.0 %			=	0.0 %
Investment Categories						
Real estate (Schedule A)						
Property occupied by company	-	0.0 %	_	-	_	0.0 %
Property held for production of income	_	0.0 %	_	-	_	0.0 %
Property held for sale	-	0.0 %	_	_	_	0.0 %
Total real estate		0.0 %				0.0 %
Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments						0.0 , .
Cash (Schedule E, Part 1)	103,908,117	57.4 %	103,908,117	_	103,908,117	57.4 %
Cash equivalents (Schedule E, Part 2)	721,344	0.4 %	721,344	-	721,344	0.4 %
Short-term investments (Schedule DA)	721,544	0.0 %	, 21,544	_	721,544	0.0 %
Total cash, cash equivalents,		0.0 70				0.0 70
and short-term investments	104,629,461	57.8 %	104,629,461	_	104,629,461	57.8 %
Contract loans	104,023,401	0.0 %	104,025,401	_	104,023,401	0.0 %
Derivatives (Schedule DB)		0.0 %	_	_		0.0 %
Other invested assets (Schedule BA)	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Receivables for securities	-		-	=	=	
	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Securities lending (Schedule DL, Part 1) Other invested assets	-	0.0 %	-	-	-	0.0 %
Total invested assets	\$ 180,957,208	0.0 % 100.0 %	\$ 180,957,208	<u>-</u>	\$ 180,957,208	0.0 % 100.0 %
Total invested assets	7 100,337,208	100.0 /0	¥ 100,337,200	y	¥ 100,337,200	100.0 /0

Answer the following interrogatories by stating the applicable U.S. dollar amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in that category of investments as shown on the Summary Investment Schedule. All reporting entities must answer Interrogatories 1 through 4, 11 through 16, 18, 19 and, if applicable, 20 through 23. Answer each of the Interrogatories 5 through 10 only if the reporting entity's aggregate holdings in foreign investments as addressed in Interrogatory 4 equals or exceeds 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets. Answer Interrogatory 17 only if the reporting entities aggregate holdings in mortgage loans as addressed in Interrogatory 16 equals or exceeds 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets. For Life, Health, and Fraternal blanks, responses are to exclude Separate Accounts.

1. State the reporting entity's total admitted assets as reported on Page 2 of the annual statement.

\$207,296,002

State by investment category the 10 largest exposures to a single issuer/borrower/ investment, excluding U.S. government securities, U.S. government agency securities, and those U.S. government money market funds listed in the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office as exempt, property occupied by the Company, policy loans, and all SEC and foreign registered funds and common trust funds that are diversified within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Bor	Investment Category/Issuer		Amount	Percentage of Total Admitted Assets
a.	Apple Inc.	\$	499,417	0.24 %
b.	Amazon.com Inc.	\$	391,592	0.19 %
C.	PepsiCo, Inc.	\$	351,783	0.17 %
d.	John Deere Capital Corp.	, \$	255,983	0.12 %
e.	Hormel Food Corp.	\$	239,858	0.12 %
f.	Bank of NY Mellon Corp.	\$	237,936	0.11 %
g.	Pfizer Inc.	\$	219,503	0.11 %
h.	Republic Services Inc.	\$	217,877	0.11 %
Cas	h, cash equivalents, and short-term investments			
i.	Bank of Hawaii	\$ 10	03,608,119	49.98 %
j.	First Hawaiian Bank	\$	300,000	0.14 %

Supplemental Schedule – Investment Risk Interrogatories December 31, 2022

3. State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in bonds and preferred stocks by NAIC designation.

			Amount	of Adı	entage Total mitted ssets
	Bonds NAIC-1	ċ	47,205,615		22.77 %
	NAIC-1	\$ \$	1,604,827		0.77 %
	Preferred stock	ڔ	1,004,027		0.77 /0
	None				
4.	State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted held in foreign investments (regardless of whether there is any foreign curexposure) and unhedged foreign currency exposure (defined in the state of value of investments denominated in foreign currencies which are not held financial instruments qualifying for hedge accounting as specified in SSAP Derivative Instruments), including (i) foreign investments as determined by rules or statutes of the state of Hawaii of \$0, (ii) foreign investments that insurance liabilities denominated in that same foreign currency of \$0, and amount of the insurance liabilities associated with the investments report and that are denominated in the same currency of \$0. Assets held in foreign investments less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets, therefore, detail not required for Interrogatories 5.5.	rre ner No y t sup (iii	ncy ed by a. 31, the oport b) the in (ii)	Yes [X]	No []
11.	State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted held in Canadian investments, including Canadian currency-denominated investments of \$0, Canadian insurance liabilities of \$0, and unhedged Canadian currency exposure.	d a	ssets	ics [A]	wet 1
	Assets held in Canadian investments less than 2.5% of the reporting entity total admitted assets, therefore detail not required for Interrogatory 11.	/ S		Yes [X]	No []
12.	State the aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's to admitted assets held in investments with contractual sales restrictions (de as investments having restrictions that prevent investments from being so 90 days).	fin			
	Assets held in investments with contractual sales restrictions less than 2.5 the reporting entity's total admitted assets, therefore detail not required Interrogatory 12.			Yes [X]	No[]

Supplemental Schedule – Investment Risk Interrogatories December 31, 2022

13. State the amounts and percentages of admitted assets held in the largest 10 equity interests (including investments in the shares of mutual funds, preferred stocks, publicly traded equity securities, and other equity securities, and excluding money market and bond mutual funds listed in part six, sections 2(f) and (g) of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Securities Valuation Office as exempt or Class 1).

Assets held in equity interests less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets, therefore detail not required for Interrogatory 13.

Yes [] No [X]

		Amount	Percentage
Equ	uity Interest		
a.	Vanguard Total Stock Market ETF	\$ 7,682,205	3.71 %
b.	Vanguard High Dividend Yield	\$ 5,657,111	2.73 %
c.	Vanguard International High Dividend Yield Index ETF	\$ 3,703,765	1.79 %
d.	iShares Select Dividend ETF	\$ 3,839,301	1.85 %
e.	Vanguard FTSE Developed ETF	\$ 2,572,215	1.24 %
f.	T. Rowe Price Institutional	\$ 964,541	0.47 %
g.	PIMCO Prefer & Capital-Inst	\$ 962,689	0.46 %
h.	Mainstay Mackay High Bond	\$ 882,398	0.43 %
i.	Vanguard FTSE Emerging Markets ETF	\$ 837,134	0.40 %
j.	Vanguard Emerging Markets Bond – Admiral	\$ 415,945	0.20 %

14. State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities (included in other equity securities) and excluding securities eligible for sale under Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC") Rule 144a or SEC Rule 144 without volume restrictions.

Assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets, therefore detail not required for Interrogatory 14.

Yes [X] No []

15. State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in general partnership interests (included in other equity securities).

Assets held in general partnership interests less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets, therefore detail not required for Interrogatory 15.

Yes [X] No []

Aggregate statement value of investments held in general partnership interests

None

Largest 3 investments with contractual sales restrictions

None

16. With respect to mortgage loans reported in Schedule B, state the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets.

Mortgage loans reported in Schedule B less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets, therefore detail not required for Interrogatories 16 and 17.

Yes [X] No []

AlohaCare

Supplemental Schedule – Investment Risk Interrogatories December 31, 2022

Each of the 10 largest aggregate mortgage interests. The aggregate mortgage interest represents the combined value of all mortgage secured by the same property or came group of properties. None 18. State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in each of the five largest investments in one parcel or group of contiguous parcels of real estate reported in Schedule A, excluding property occupied by the company. Assets held in each of the five largest investments in one parcel or group of contiguous parcels of real estate reported in Schedule A less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets, therefore, detail not required for Interrogatory 18. **Yes [X]** No [] 19. State the aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in mezzanine real estate loans. Assets held in mezzanine real estate loans are less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's admitted assets, therefore detail not required for Interrogatory 19. Yes [X] No []

AlohaCare

Supplemental Schedule – Reinsurance Summary Schedule December 31, 2022

1.	Disclose any ceded reinsurance contracts (or multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) subject to A-791 that includes a provision, which limits the reinsurer's assumption of significant risks identified as in A-791. Examples of risk-limiting features include provisions such as a deductible, a loss ratio corridor, a loss cap, an aggregate limit, or similar effect.	None
	 If true, indicate the number of reinsurance contracts to which such provisions apply. 	N/A
	 For contracts subject to A-791, indicate if deposit accounting was applied for all contracts, which limit significant risks. 	N/A
2.	Disclose any ceded reinsurance contracts (or multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) not subject to A-791, for which reinsurance accounting was applied and includes a provision that limits the reinsurer's assumption of risk. Examples of risk-limiting features include provisions such as a deductible, a loss ratio corridor, a loss cap, an aggregate limit, or similar effect. Note that a stop loss or excess of loss reinsurance agreement with deductibles or loss caps which apply to the entire contract and are not adjustable based on other features, do not require disclosure under this paragraph.	None
	 If true, indicate the number of reinsurance contracts to which such provisions apply. 	N/A
	 If affirmative, indicate if reinsurance credit was reduced for the risk-limiting features. 	N/A
3.	Disclose if any reinsurance contracts contain features (except reinsurance contracts with a federal or state facility) described below which result in delays in payment in form or in fact.	
	a. Provisions which permit the reporting of losses, or settlements are made, less frequently than quarterly or payments due from the reinsurer are not made in cash within ninety (90) days of the settlement date (unless there is no activity during the period).	None
	 Payment schedule, accumulating retentions from multiple years or any features inherently designed to delay timing of the reimbursement to the ceding entity. 	None
4.	Disclose if the reporting entity has reflected reinsurance accounting credit for any contracts not subject to A-791 and not yearly renewable term, which meet the risk-transfer requirements of SSAP No. 61R and identify the type of contracts and the reinsurance contracts.	Yes
	 a. Assumption reinsurance – as discussed in paragraph 60, which is new for the reporting period. 	No

AlohaCare Supplemental Schedule – Reinsurance Summary Schedule December 31, 2022

- 5. Disclose if the reporting entity ceded any risk which is not subject to A-791 and not yearly renewable term reinsurance, under any reinsurance contract (or multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) during the period covered by the financial statement, and either:
 - a. Accounted for that contract as reinsurance under statutory accounting principles ("SAP") and as a deposit under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"); or

N/A

b. Accounted for that contract as reinsurance under GAAP and as a deposit under SAP.

N/A

If the reporting entity does not prepare GAAP financial statements or its financial statements are not part of upstream GAAP financial statements, this disclosure can be answered not applicable.

6. If affirmative disclosure is required for paragraph 83, explain why the contract(s) is treated differently for GAAP and SAP.

N/A